



Saint John Paul II Tree - A narra tree planted by Pope John Paul II during his visit in the Philippines.

San Lorenzo Ruiz Monument - Done by Italian sculptor Tomasso Gismandi, the statue of the first Filipino saint, was a gift from Pope John Paul II.

Burnham Green - Serves as a facility for sport activities like football, baseball and other field games.

Parade Ground - This is the popular site for fun run, races, motorcades, and parades.

Quirino Grandstand - A famous site for large gatherings and events of national importance such as 1986 People Power, World Youth day in 1995, and Pope Francis' visit in 2015.

Relief Map of the Philippines - Reopened to the public on May 20, 2012, it is where one can travel around the 7,107 beautiful islands of the Philippines. Place over the map is a boardwalk that serves as a bridge for educational tours.

Children's Playground - Let your children enjoy the amazing sight of colorful pre-historic animals such as dinosaurs, huge turtle, swan, giant shoe house, and a volcano that spews water!

Binhi ng Kalayaan Garden - A perfect place for intimate parties, corporate functions, art exhibits, and family bonding activities, the garden boasts of an Eduardo Castillo masterpiece, dedicated to the Filipino men and women who fought for the freedom of our country.

Orchidarium - It showcases the vast orchid species of the Philippines. It is also a venue for weddings, receptions, and other personal milestones.

Open - Air Auditorium - Designed by National Artist Leandro Locsin, it is the venue of free shows and cultural programs. Pathway to Glory - A walk dedicated to all Filipinos of remembrance memorial who were executed at the hallowed grounds of Rizal Park (formerly called Bagumbayan).

Musical Dancing Fountain - With waters soaring up to 88 feet high, fireballs, exploding water rockets, and a peacock spray water screen, this attraction is deemed as the biggest and most vibrant dancing fountain in the country.

Rizal Park Visitor's Center - Serving as an information hub to international and local visitors, this place features a cozy lounging area, audio - visual facility, exhibits of Filipino artists, and a souvenir shop showcasing the rich culture and heritage of our country.

Chinese Garden - Experience Filipino - Chinese culture with the garden's exotic pagodas and gazebos accentuated with red pillars and green-tiled roofs, and a man-made lagoon.

The Martyrdom of Dr. Jose Rizal (Light and Sound Complex) - It is the exact spot where he was executed on December 30, 1896. It features a thirty minute light and sound presentation of his last hours.

Noli Me Tangere Garden - This garden features the Heidelberg fountain, donated as a sign of Filipino - German friendship. It is where Rizal was staying in Germany, writing the last chapters of his novel, Noli Me Tangere.

Independence Flagpole - With a height of 150 feet, it stands as the tallest flagpole in the country.

Rizal Monument - Built in 1912, this famous centerpiece has become the iconic national symbol. Dr. Jose Rizal's remains were interred within its foundation.

REGULAR SHOWS AT THE PARK

The Martyrdom of Dr. Jose Rizal A Lights and Sound Presentation



Php 20.00 - entrance fee for day tour
Php 50.00 - entrance fee for evening presentation
Daily
Guided Day Tour (8:00 AM - 5:00 PM)
Presentation (7:00 PM - 7:30 PM, Tagalog)
(8:00 PM - 8:30 PM, English)



Every Friday, 6:00 PM
Rizal Park Open - Air Auditorium
Free admission

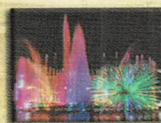


Every Saturday, 6:00 PM
Rizal Park Open - Air Auditorium
Free admission



Every Sunday, 6:00 PM
Rizal Park Open - Air Auditorium
Free admission

Musical Dancing Fountain at the Central Section



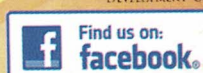
Monday-Sunday 6:00 a.m. - 8:00 a.m.
Monday-Thursday 6:00 p.m. - 10:00 p.m.
Friday-Sunday 7:00 p.m. - 12:00 m.n.
Free admission!



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Printed: 2015

Rizal Park

Hailed as the 8th best park in Asia, no other place in the heart of Manila can one find serenity and diversity than in Rizal Park. This premiere people's park boasts of world-class sculptures, historical markers, beautiful gardens, facilities for photo & art exhibits, event venues, and various forms of entertainment.

Formerly called "Luneta", from the French word Lunette which means a crescent - shaped fort, it was the site of "La Calzada," the social hub of Manila's elite. It was also used by the Spaniards as an execution ground for rebels and activists, namely Dr. Jose Rizal, who was executed on December 30, 1896. In 1913, the monument for Rizal was inaugurated. As a tribute, Luneta Park was then changed to Rizal Park.

It remains a flagship of freedom and courage as numerous political rallies, oath-takings, and national events are held within the park.

